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EUV into production with the NXE – platform

October 2010

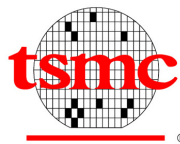
Public, EUV symposium Kobe

EUV process viability confirmed by two 0.25 NA Systems



λ	13.5 nm
NA	0.25
Field size	26 x 33 mm ²
Magnification	4x reduction
Sigma	0.5

- 300mm Single stage
- linked to track
- Single reticle load
- Uses TWINSCAN technology
- Sn discharge source



Oct



SONY

hynix

TOSHIBA



the next technology revolution.



ELPIDA

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ASML EUV product roadmap

Source roadmap in place for cost effective production

	2006 Proto System	2010 NXE:3100	2012 NXE:3300B	2013 NXE:3300C
Qualification CD	32 nm	27 nm	18 nm	16* nm
NA / σ	0.25 / 0.5	0.25 / 0.8	0.32 / 0.2-0.9	0.32 / OAI
Overlay (SMO)	< 7 nm	< 4.5 nm	< 3.5 nm	< 3 nm
Throughput	4 W/hr	60 W/hr	125 W/hr	150 W/hr
Dose, Source	5 mJ/cm ² , ~8 W	10 mJ/cm ² , >100 W	15 mJ/cm ² , >250 W	15 mJ/cm ² , >350 W

Main improvements

- 1) New EUV platform: NXE
- 2) Improved low flare optics
- 3) New high sigma illuminator
- 4) New high power source
- 5) Dual stages

Main improvements

- 1) New high NA 6 mirror lens
- 2) New high efficiency illuminator
- 3) Off-axis illumination optional
- 4) Source power increase
- 5) Reduced footprint

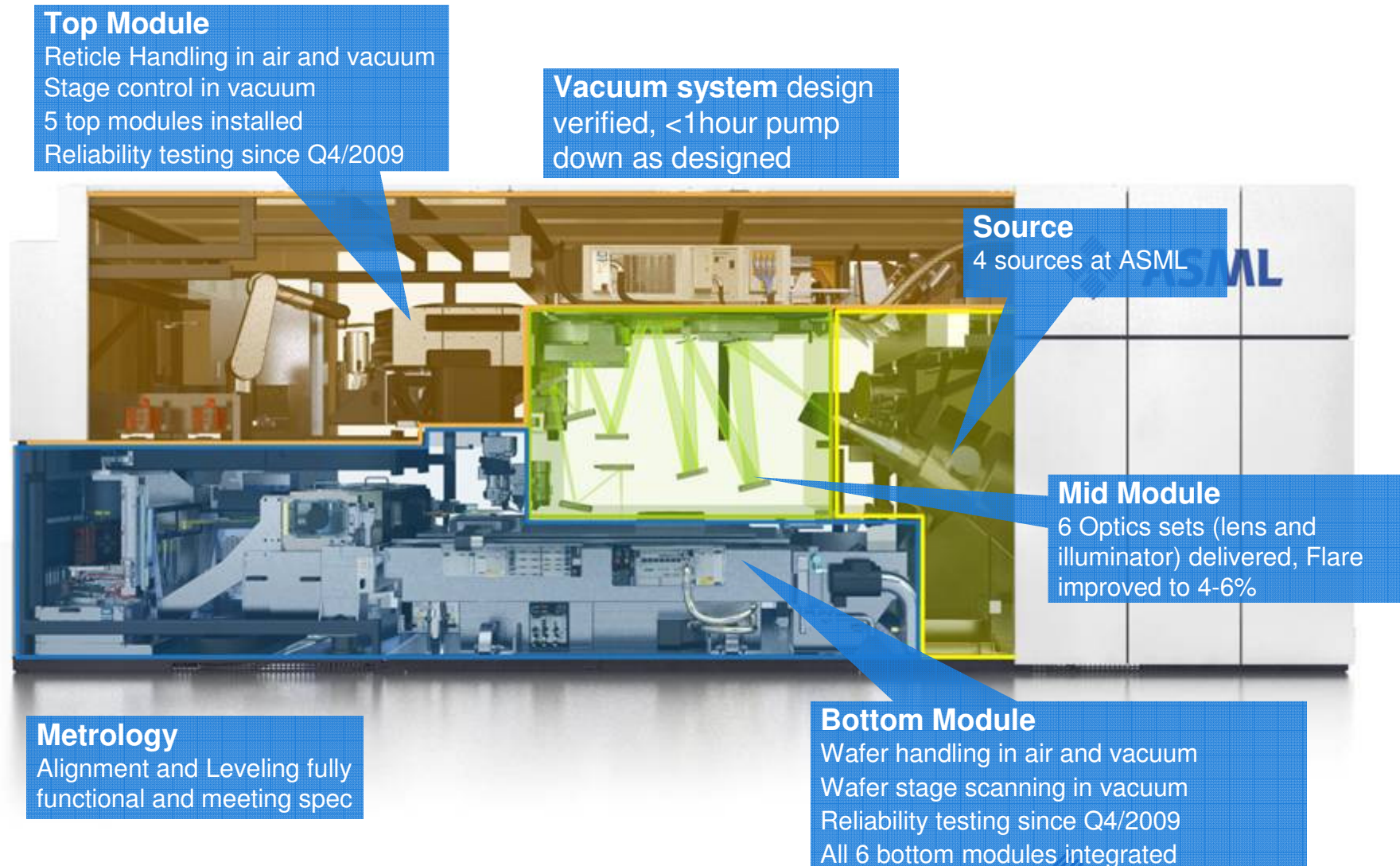
Platform enhancements

- 1) Off-Axis illumination
- 2) Source power increase

* Requires <7 nm resist diffusion length



NXE:3100 integration status, October 2010



5 NXE:3100 systems are completed

First system shipping to a customer

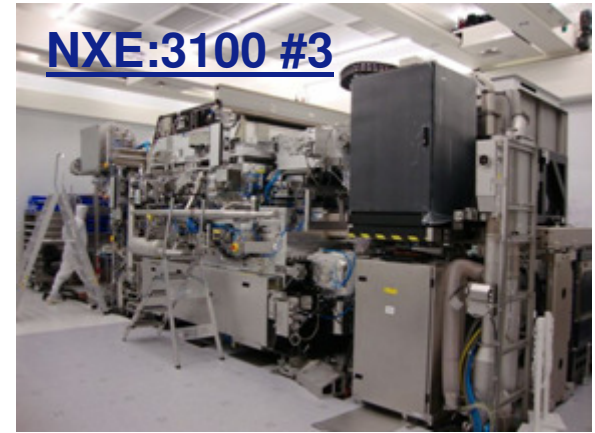
NXE:3100 #1



NXE:3100 #2



NXE:3100 #3



NXE:3100 #4



NXE:3100 #5

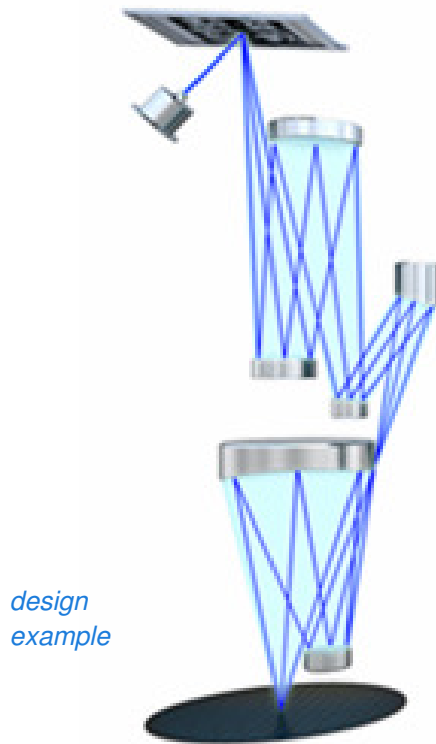


NXE:3100 #6

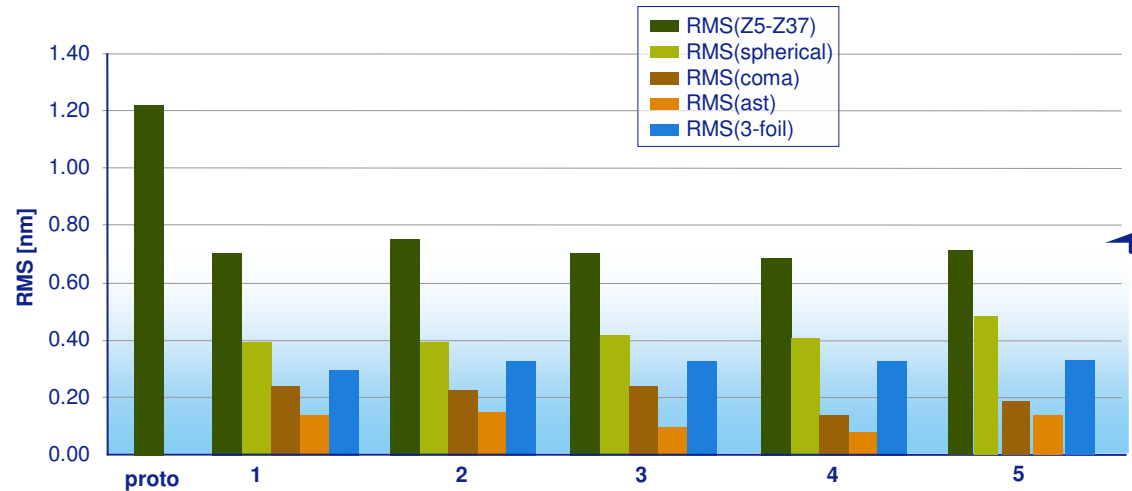


NXE:3100 lenses are manufactured and qualified

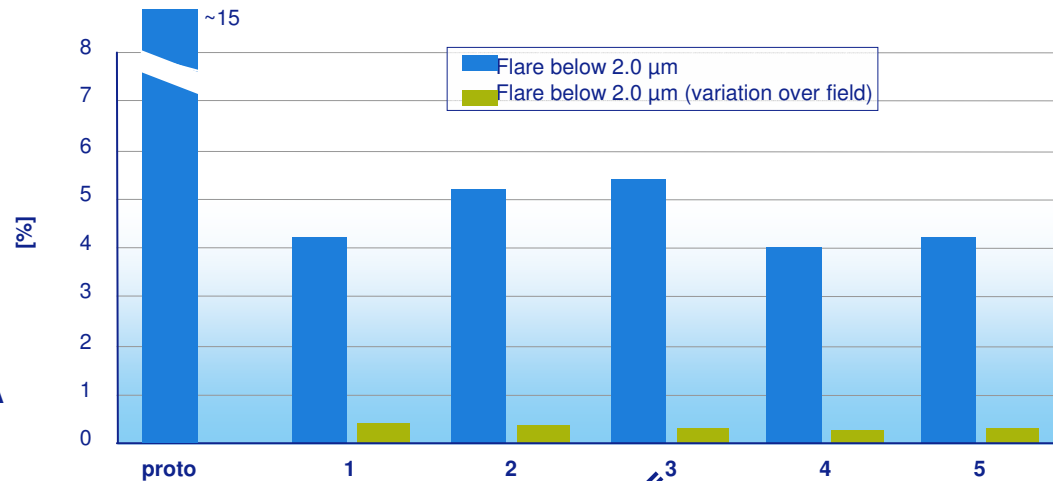
Wave front qualified by EUV – interferometer



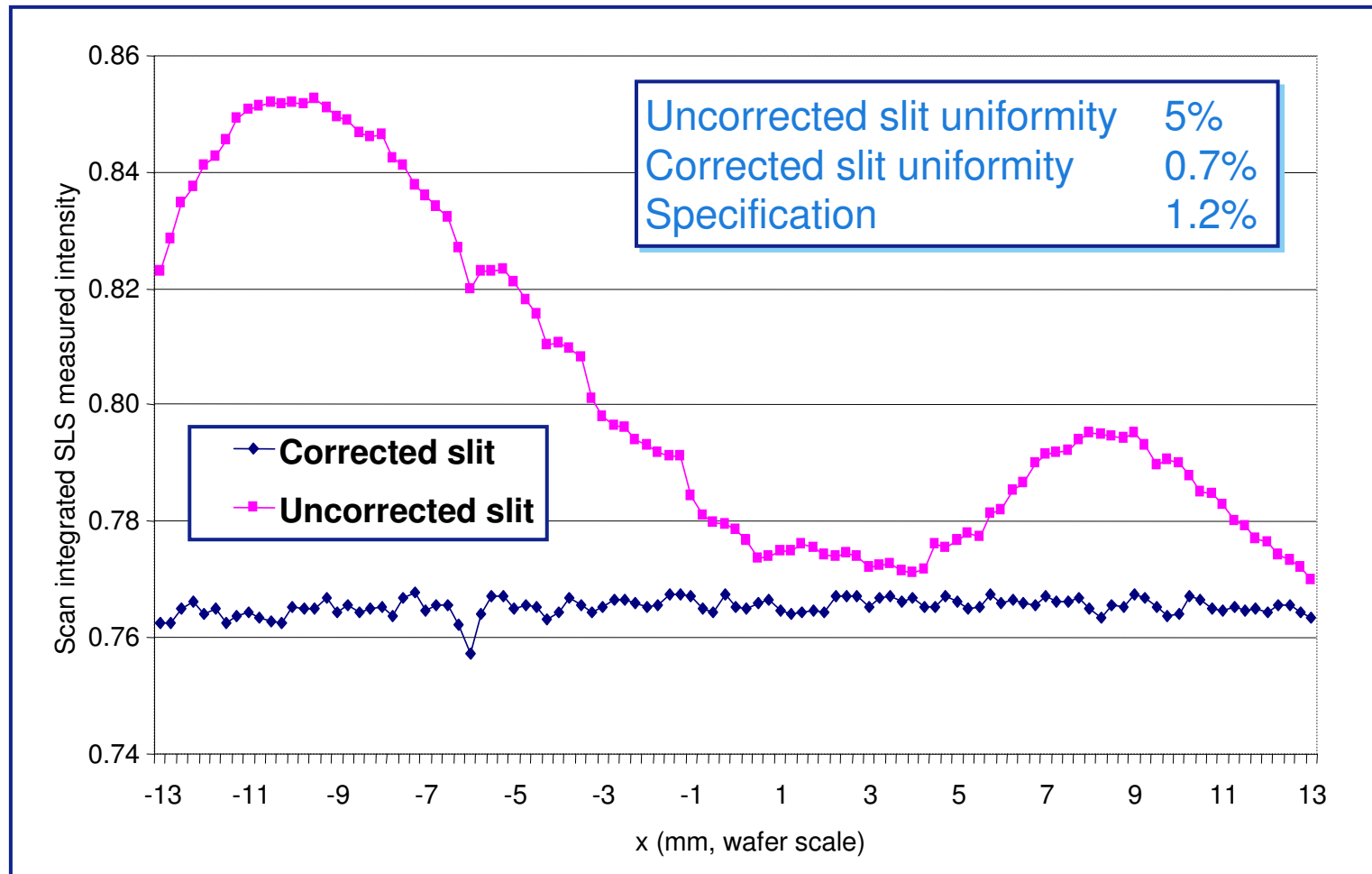
- Field size: 26mm
- Chief ray at mask: 6°
- 4x reduction ring field design
- Design is extendable to higher NA



NXE:3100 lenses within flare specifications



NXE:3100 slit uniformity capability well within specification



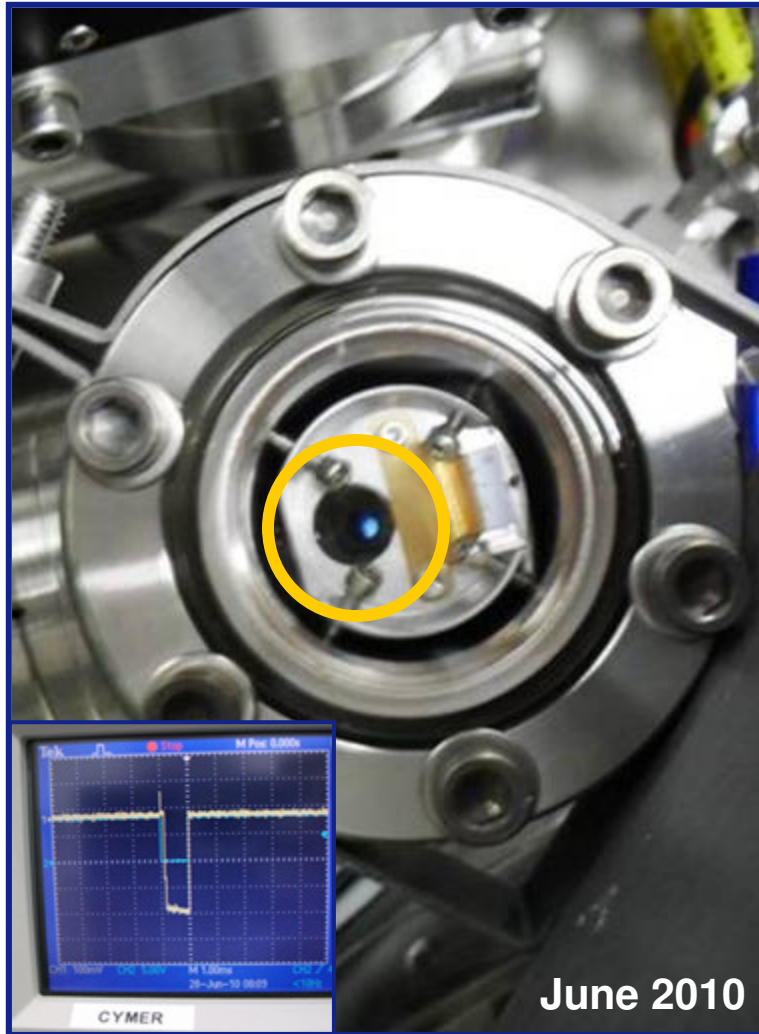


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Source

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First NXE:3100 exposure was done July 2010



Source performance roadmap

- ASML has received three LPP sources and one DPP source
 - Power will be upgraded in two steps

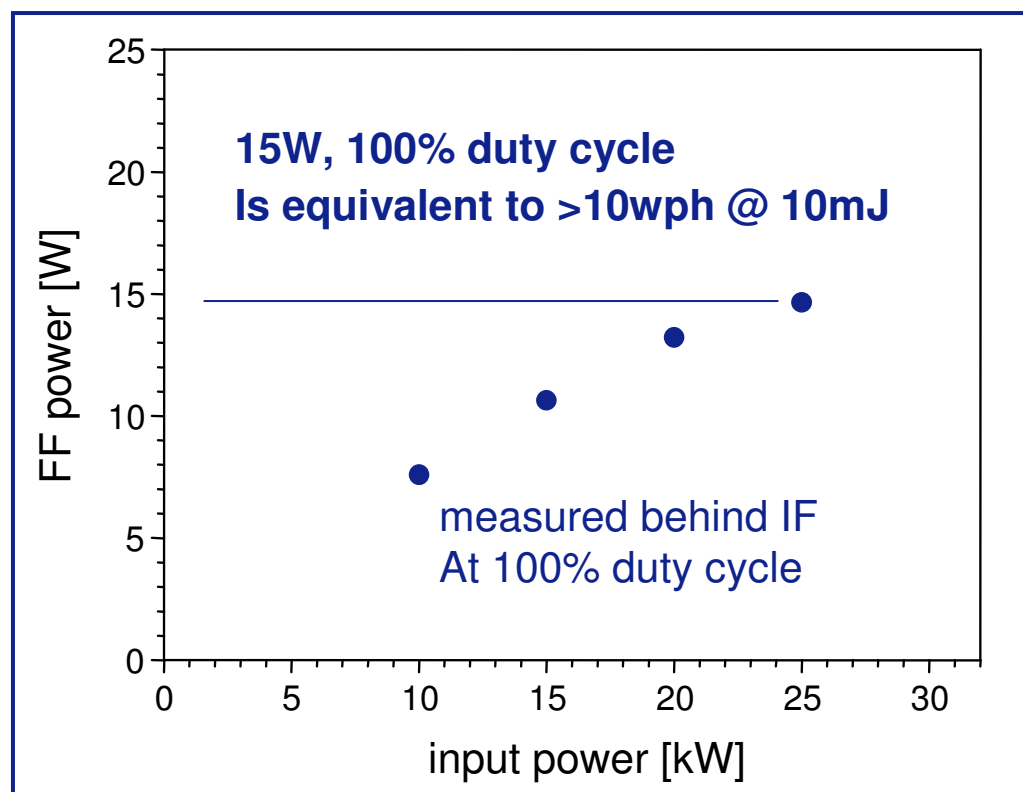
Timing	Source Config	LPP		DPP	
		Expose Power	Throughput	Expose Power	Throughput
Q3/2010	Integration	1W	<1wph*	3W	2wph**
Q4/2010	Integration	7W	4wph	15W	10wph
Q1/2011	Upgrade 1	40W	25wph	65W	35wph
Mid 2011	Upgrade 2	100W	60wph	100W	60wph

* integrated with NXE:3100

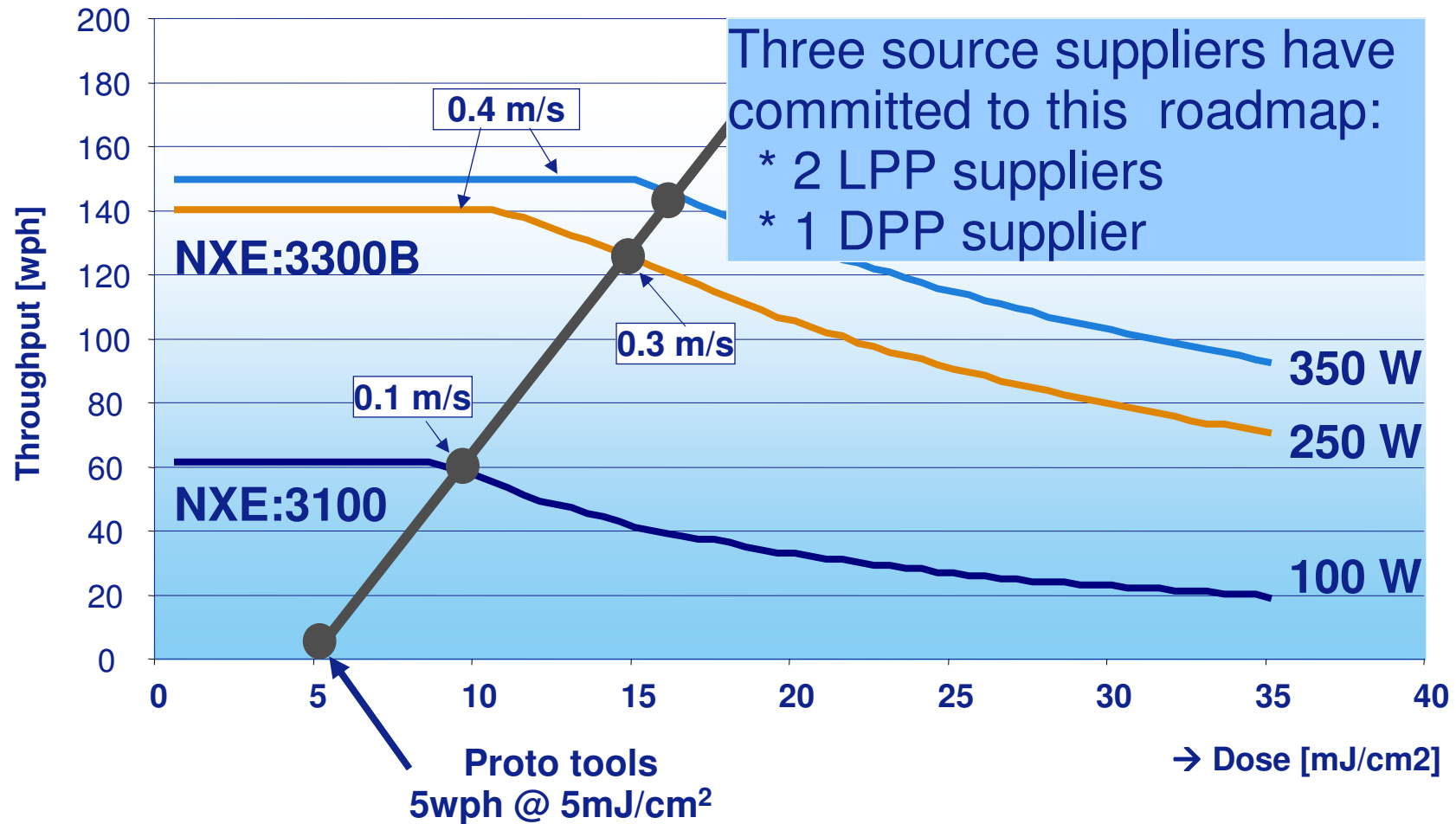
** predicted

DPP 14.7W continuous exposure power

- Stand - Alone 14.7W continuous power proven at 25 kW input power
 - 0.2% dose control proven



Stage speed, optics transmission, source power, and resist sensitivity all have to improve to meet required cost targets





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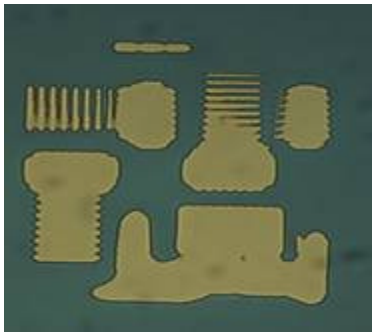
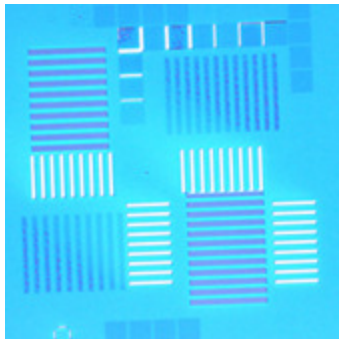
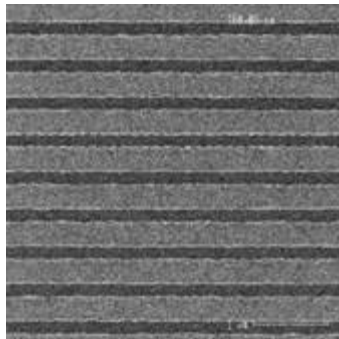
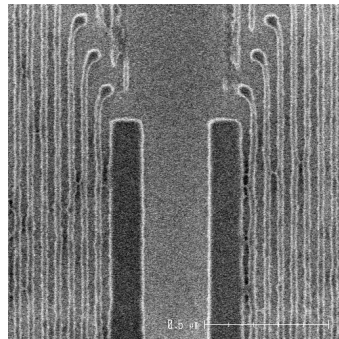
NXE:3100 Performance

Public, EUV symposium Kobe

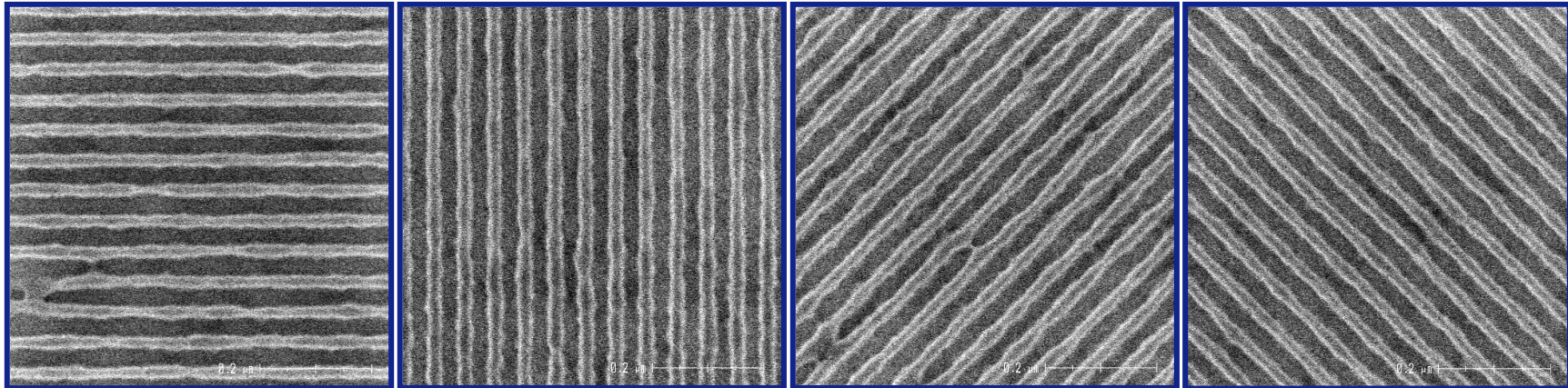


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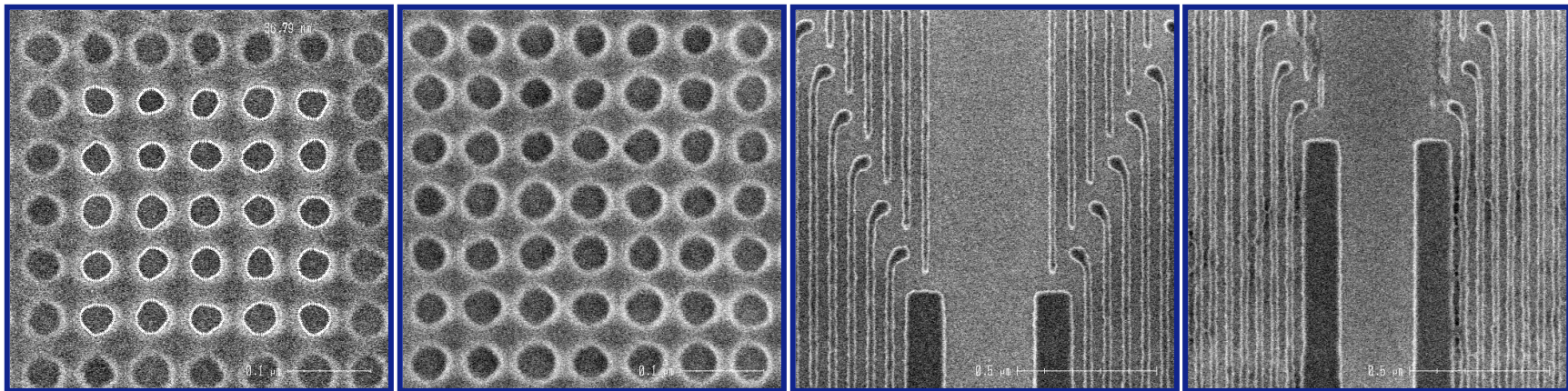
NXE:3100 imaging progress

July 2010	August 2010	September 2010	September - End
			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • First lines visible • No setup done • Static exposure 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1.3um lines • Limited setup • Static exposure • Limited by focus 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 250nm lines, 500nm pitch • Scanning exposure • Coarse focus setup • Limited by reticle stage tilt 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 27nm hp • Scanned exposures • Coarse setup

NXE:3100 27nm imaging September 2010



27p54nm L/S



32p64nm contact holes

34p68nm Flash

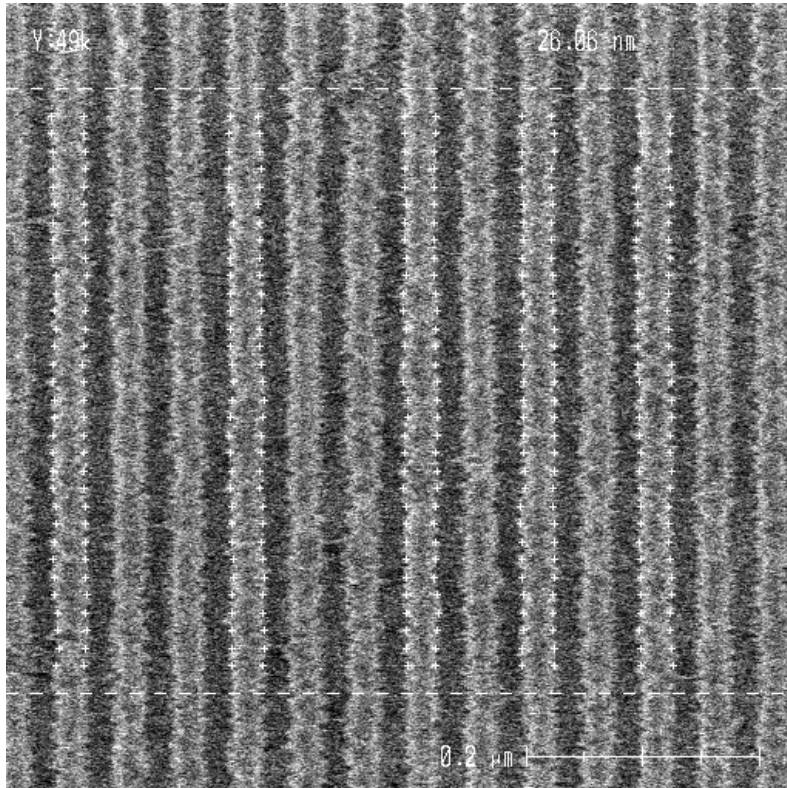
27p54nm Flash



NXE:3100 – smaller and smaller

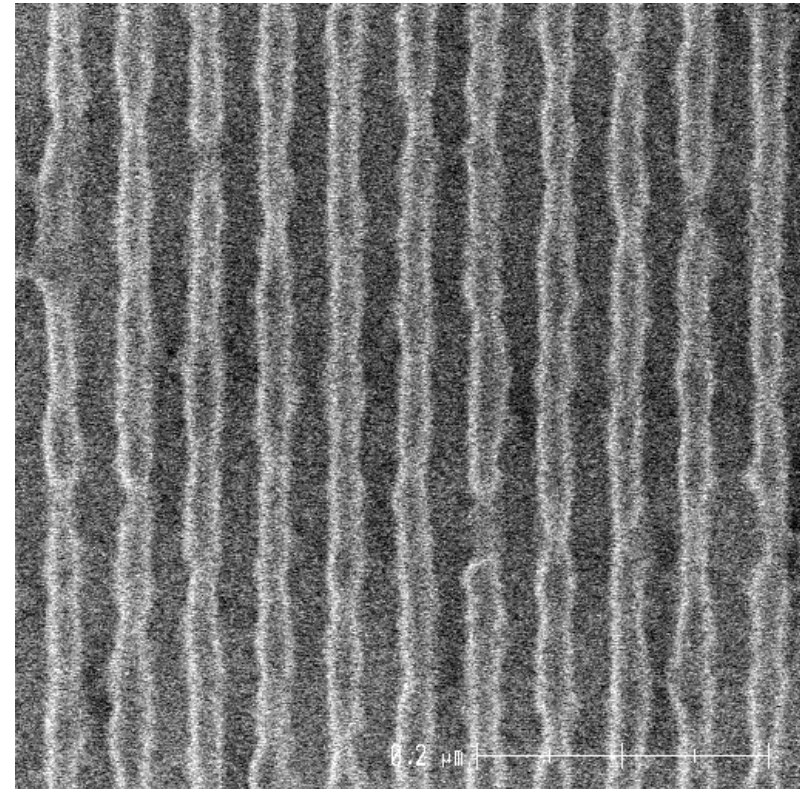
Oct. 15, 2010

25nm HP



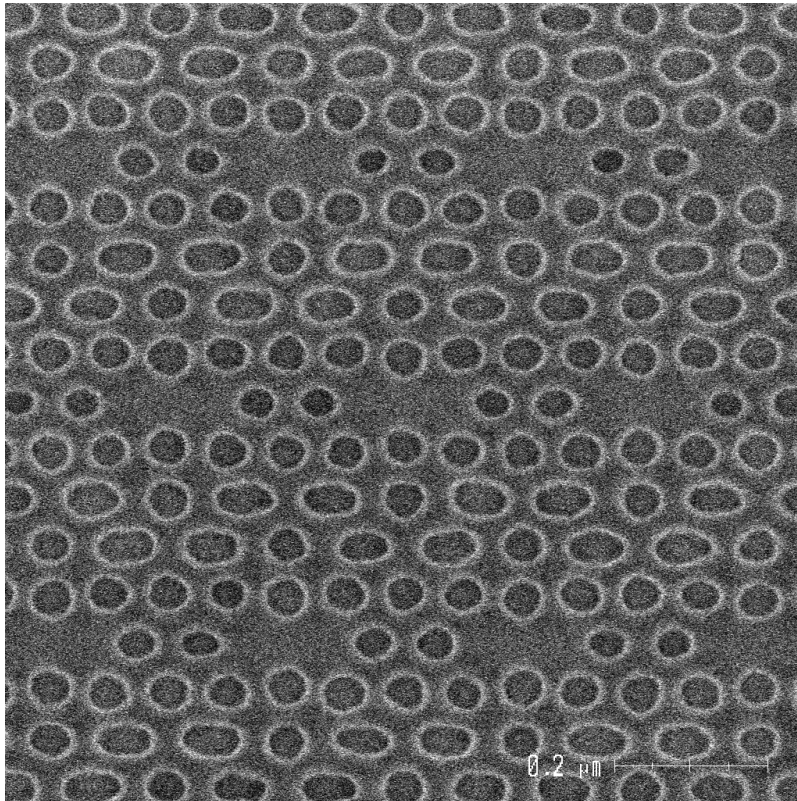
Please note asymmetric magnification SEM

24nm HP

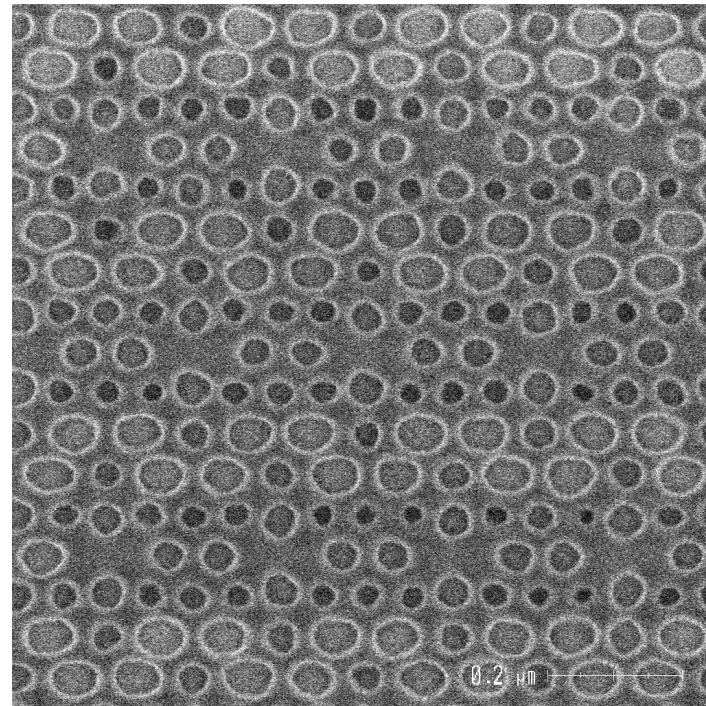


Off-line processing

NXE:3100 16nm node SRAM contacts exposed



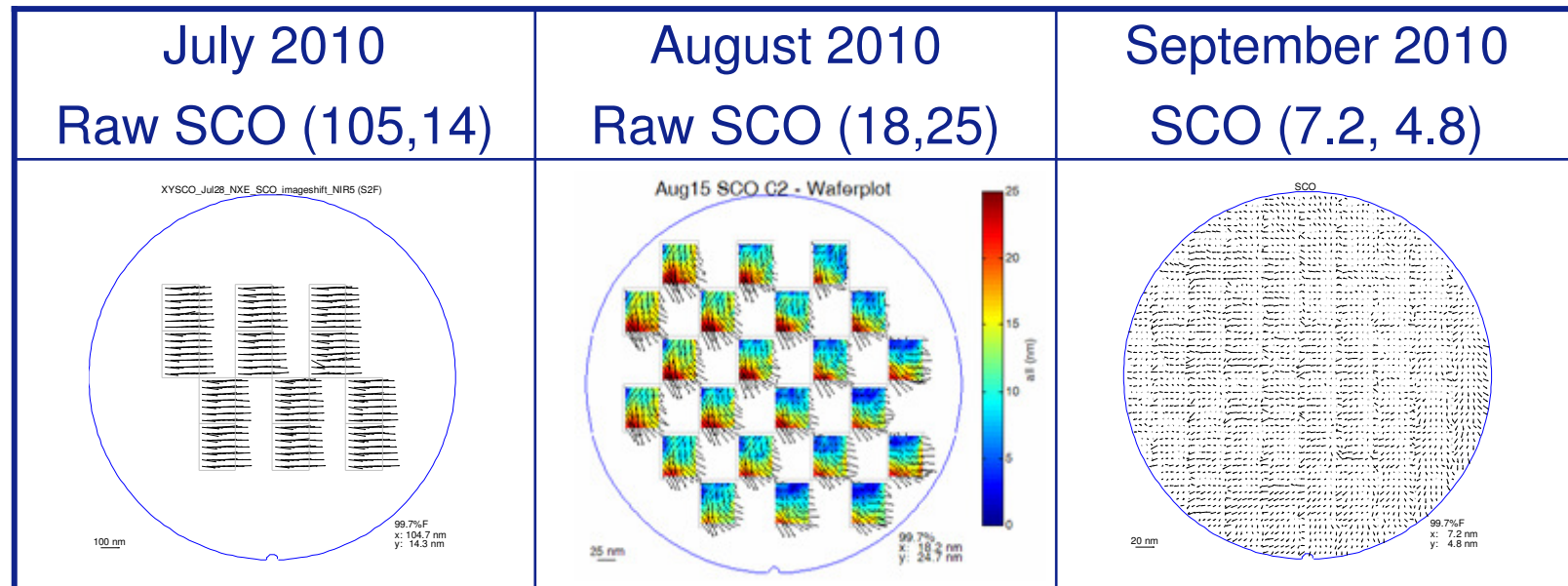
October 9 Cell-size = $0.048\mu\text{m}^2$



October 15 Cell-size = $0.038\mu\text{m}^2$

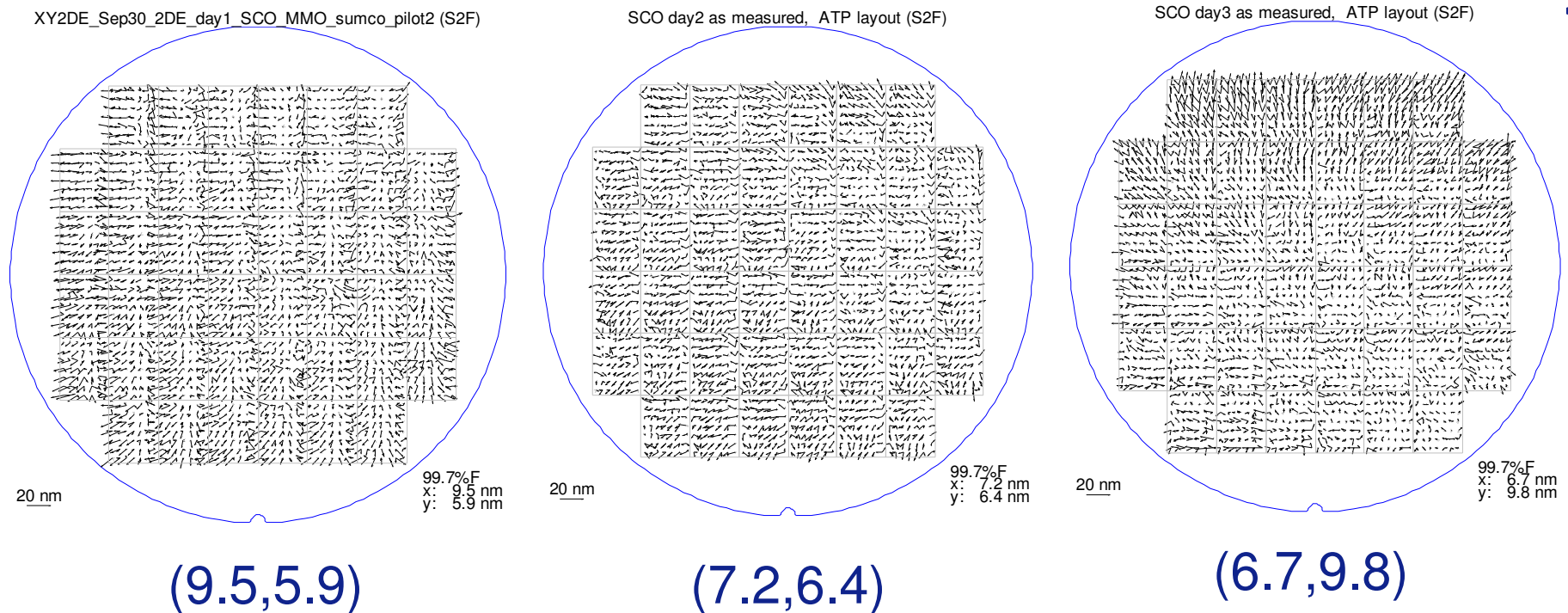
NXE:3100 overlay integration progress

- To mitigate source availability, overlay integration was started on an NXE:3100 with an ArF laser
 - This has allowed us to make substantial progress



Multi-day overlay stability demonstrated

- 3 day single chuck overlay on NXE:3100
 - Stability shown, performance improvement ongoing





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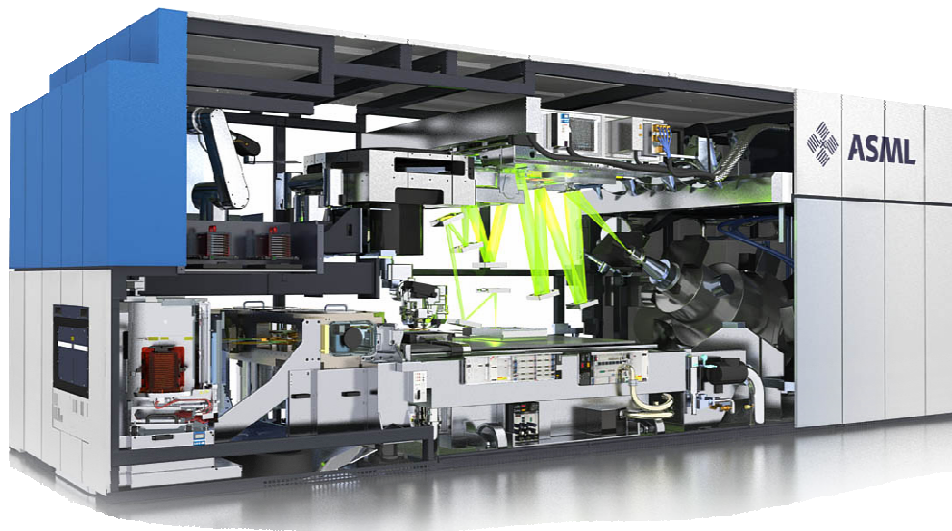
NXE:3300B

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The NXE:3300B is the second product build upon the NXE-platform

H1 2012

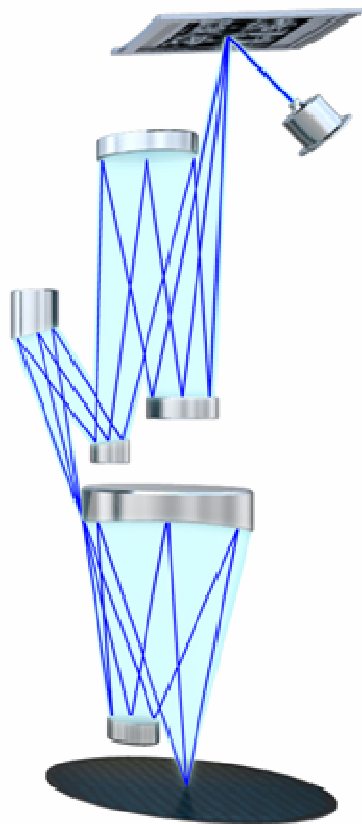
- Higher 0.32 NA optics and reduced foot-print for
 - improved resolution of 18 nm with off axis illumination
 - Improved OV in line with device requirements
 - improved cost-of-operation:
 - higher productivity at higher dose
 - off-axis illumination without energy loss



System performance	NXE:3300B
NA	0.32
Resolution (half-pitch)	22 nm (18 nm with OAI)
Overlay (SMO / MMO)	< 3.5 / 5.0 nm
Throughput	125 wph @ 15 mJ/cm ²

Six-mirror lens design is extendable to 0.32 NA

Resolution improves from 27 to 18 nm with Off – Axis Illumination

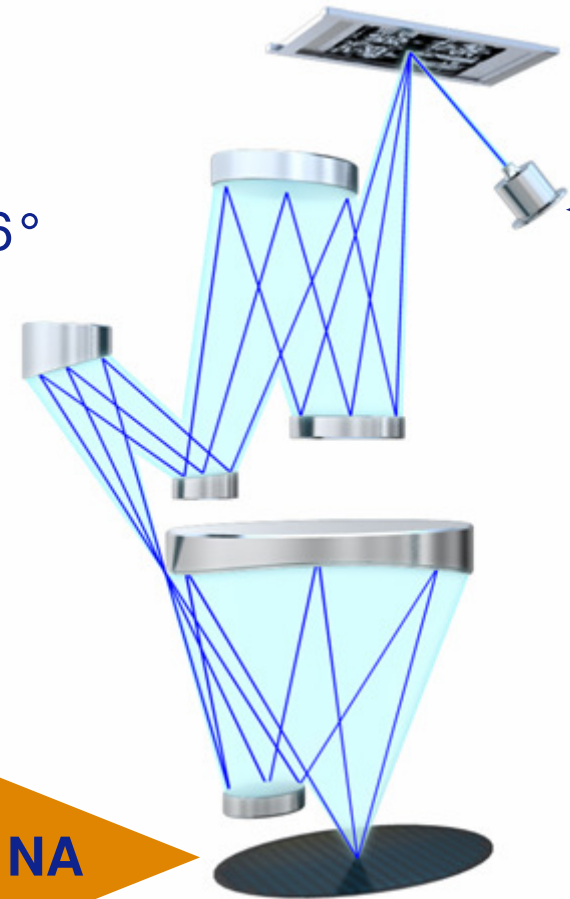


Field size remains 26 mm
Chief ray at mask remains 6°

- Main technical changes:
 - Larger mirrors
 - Steeper aspheric mirrors
 - High angles of incidence

0.25 NA

0.32 NA



design
examples



Slide 22 | Oct-2010

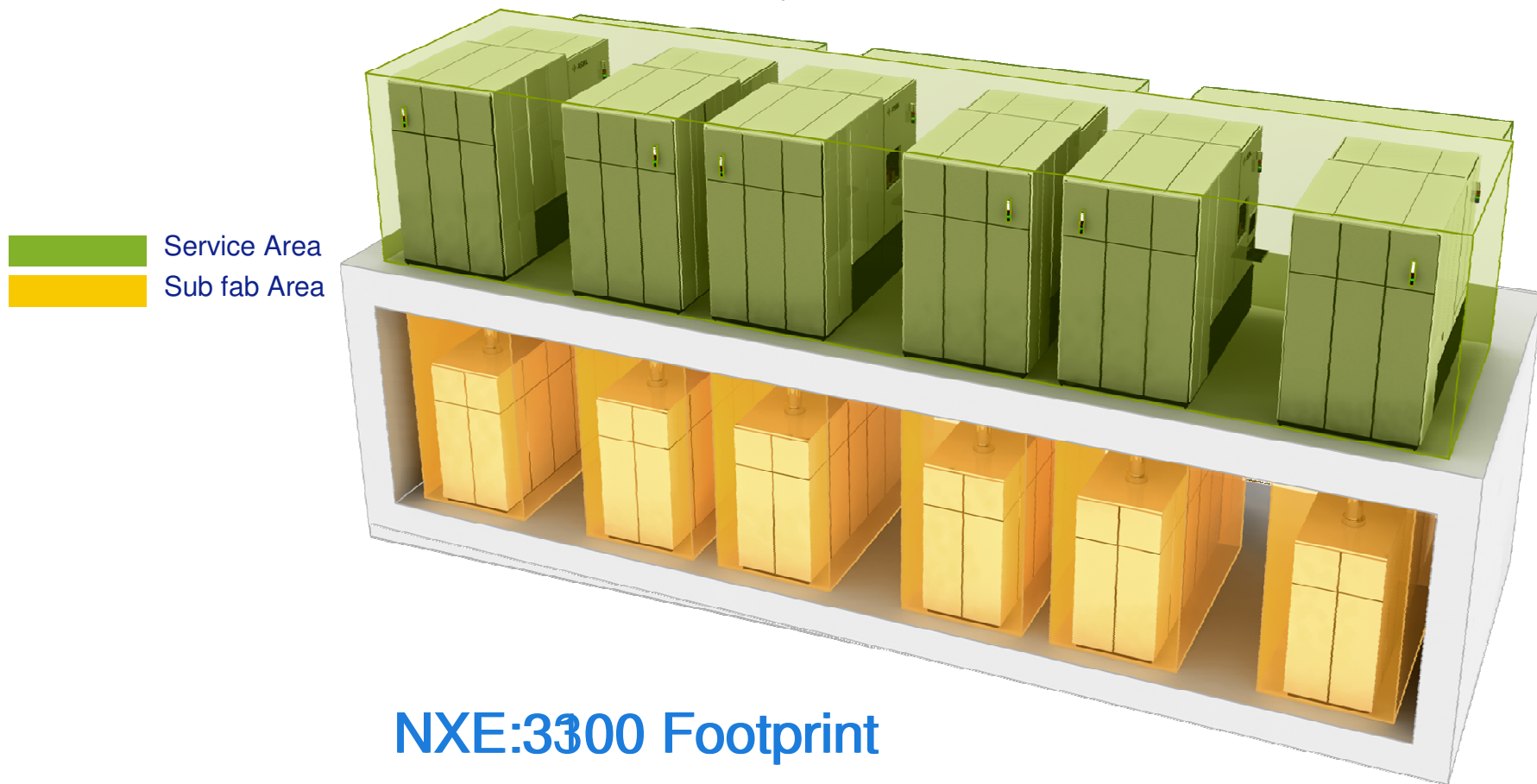
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NXE:3300 cost footprint target is <50% of NXE:3100

Incl. shared service area, for multiple systems in fab.



NXE:3300 Footprint

Construction of new EUV production facilities has started

NXE – production capacity increases ~3x

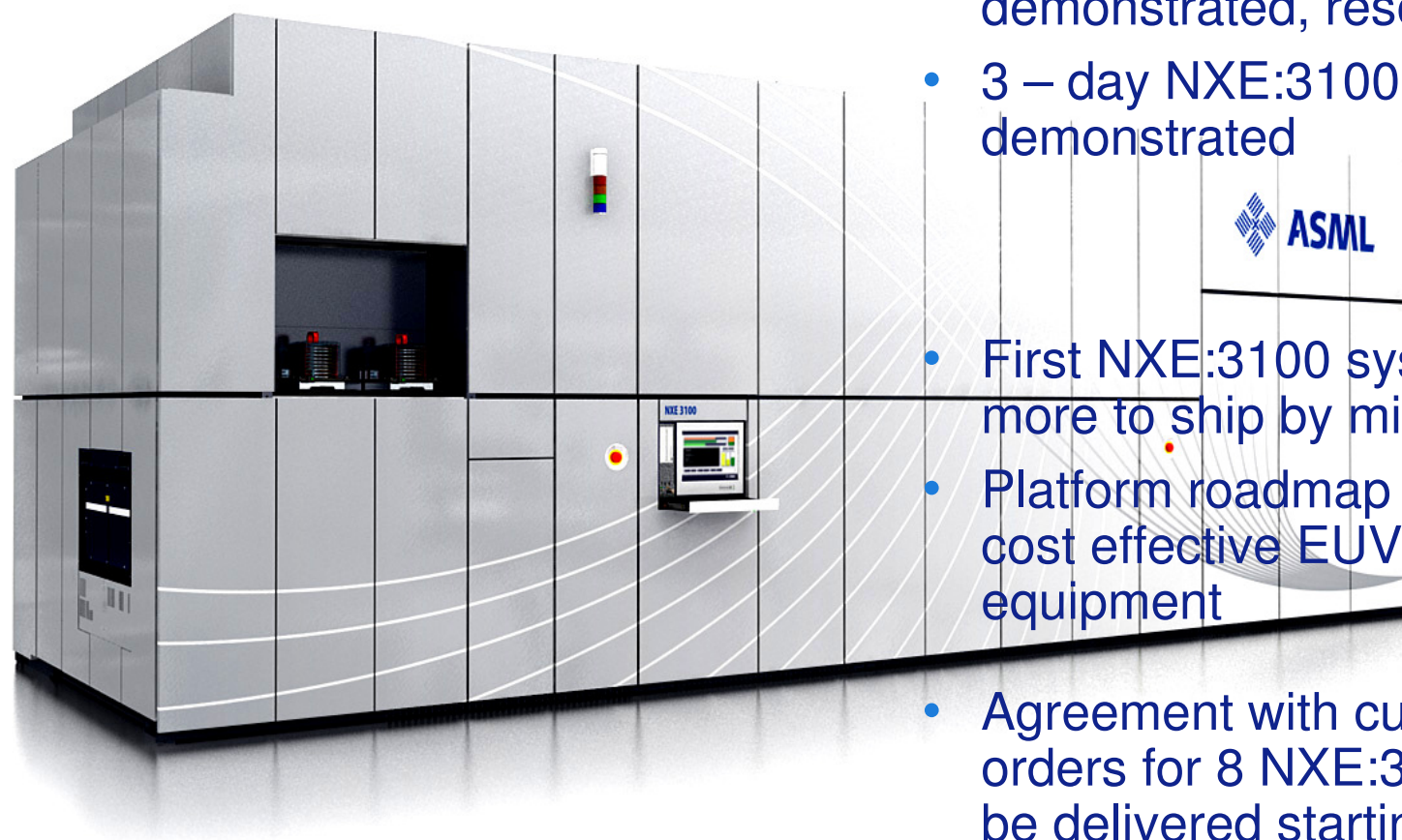


Existing EUV offices & manufacturing, 8 cabins.

New EUV offices & manufacturing, 15 cabins.



EUV into Production with the NXE platform



- Full wafer imaging of 27nm L/S demonstrated, resolution 24 nm
- 3 – day NXE:3100 overlay stability demonstrated
- First NXE:3100 system shipping, 5 more to ship by mid 2011
- Platform roadmap in place to offer cost effective EUV production equipment
- Agreement with customer on orders for 8 NXE:3300 systems to be delivered starting 2012

Acknowledgement

ASML and partners are grateful to the Dutch, German and French governments for their financial contributions and to the MEDEA+ and CATRENE association



MEDEA+ (Σ!2365) is the industry-driven pan-European program for advanced co-operative R&D in microelectronics to ensure Europe's technological and industrial competitiveness in this sector on a worldwide basis



CATRENE (Σ! 4140), Cluster for Application and Technology Research in Europe on NanoElectronics, will effect technological leadership for a competitive European ICT industry. **CATRENE** focuses to deliver nano-/microelectronic solutions that respond to the needs of society at large, improving the economic prosperity of Europe and reinforcing the ability of its industry to be at the forefront of the global competition.